





- Good quality land
- Herd genetic quality
- Innovative –
   Breeding –compact
- calving.
- Pasture MSS, red/ white clover recording
- white clover reseeding



## Weaknesses

 Low rainfall area and light land

High fixed costs



 Trying to reduce Carbon footprint
 Genetics – more tailored use of sexed and beef semen



Increasing costs
Public misconception of farming practices
Environmental legislation

## Farmer's strategy for a "resilient" system

Focussing on breeding a productive, healthy and fertile herd

Reseeding and oversowing with high clover swards.

Making use of multi species swards and to improve drought resilience.

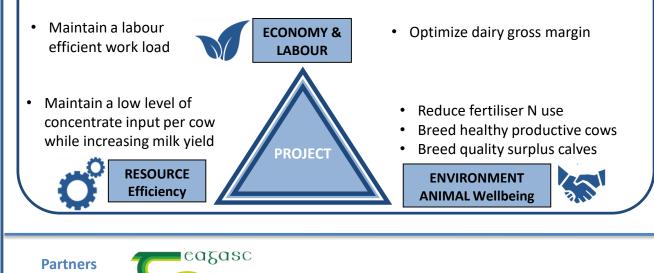
## Aspirations / Needs for the future

Focused on improving soil health and biodiversity on farm.

Breeding strategy change to reduce number of dairy breed calves born and increase the

value of the beef cross calves born on the farm.





"Resilience 4 Dairy" is a European project involving 15 European countries and 18 partners. R4D is a thematic network on innovations and aims to support EU dairy farming in these regions where dairy farming is a main economic activity.



R4D pilot farmers are involved in a National Dairy AKIS group where needs, solutions and knowledge are exchanged with other farmers, advisors and scientists on their way to build a resilient system. More information https://resilience4dairy.eu/